Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

What is claimed is:

1. (Original) A polymer in which a particle-type polymer with a reactive endsubstituted group is linked to a cucurbituril derivative of Formula 1 below by a covalent bond:

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ R_1 & R_1 & R_1 \\ N & N - CH_2 \end{pmatrix}_n$$

wherein n is an integer of 4 to 20, and each R_1 is independently a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyloxy group of C_2 - C_{20} with an unsaturated bond end, a carboxyalkylsulfanyloxy group with a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl moiety of C_2 - C_{20} , a carboxyalkyloxy group with a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl moiety of C_2 - C_8 , an aminoalkyloxy group with a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl moiety of C_1 - C_8 , a hydroxyalkyloxy group with a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl moiety of C_1 - C_8 , or an epoxyalkyloxy group with a substituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted alkyl moiety of C_2 - C_8 .

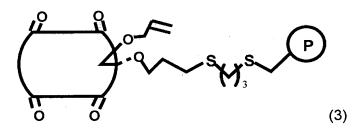
- 2. (Original) The polymer of claim 1, wherein the reactive end-substituted group is a halogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted amino group, an epoxy group, a carboxyl group, a thiol group, an isocyanate group, or a thiolsocyanate group.
- 3. (Original) The polymer of claim 1, wherein the particle-type polymer with the

reactive end-substituted group is a Merrifield polymer or an XAD polymer.

- 4. (Original) The polymer of claim 1, wherein the particle-type polymer has an average particle size of 5-300 μm .
- 5. (Original) The polymer of claim 1, wherein the covalent bond is an ether bond, a sulfanyl bond, an amino bond, an ester bond, an amide bond, a thioamide bond, or a urea bond.
- 6. (Original) The polymer of claim 1, which is a compound of Formula 2 below:

wherein P is a polymer residue.

7. (Original) The polymer of claim 1, which is a compound of Formula 3 below:



wherein P is a polymer residue.

8. (Original) The polymer of claim 1, which is a compound of Formula 4

below:

wherein P is a polymer residue.

- 9. (Original) A polymer in which the cucurbituril derivative of Formula 1 of claim 1 is copolymerized with a monomer with a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl group of C₃-C₂₀.
- 10. (Original) The polymer of claim 9, which is a compound of Formula 5 below:

wherein n is an integer of 100-10,000, m is an integer of 10-5,000, R_1 and R_2 are each independently a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group of C_6 - C_{30} , a carboxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle group of C_4 - C_{30} , a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group of C_1 - C_{20} , a halogen atom, a cyano group, an amino group, a substituted or unsubstituted aminoalkyl group of C_1 -

 C_{10} , a hydroxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted hydroxyalkyl group of C_{1-} C_{10} , a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl group of C_{3-} C_{10} , or hydrogen.

- 11. (Original) The polymer of claim 10, wherein the cucurbituril derivative of Formula 1 of claim 1 where R_1 is an allyloxy group is copolymerized with the monomer with a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl group of C_3 - C_{20} .
- 12. (Original) The polymer of claim 9, which is a compound of Formula 6 below:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & Q & A & CH_2 - CH \\
 &$$

wherein A is NH or O, n is an integer of 1-8, and a is an integer of 10-2,000, b and c are each independently an integer of 100-10,000.

13. (Original) The polymer of claim 12, wherein the cucurbituril derivative of Formula 1 of claim 1 where R_1 is an aminoalkyloxy group or a hydroxyalkyloxy group with an alkyl moiety of C_2 - C_9 is copolymerized with epichlorohydrin or epibromohydrin in the presence of a base.

14. (Original) A polymer of Formula 7 below:

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$$

wherein n is an integer of 100-10,000, m is an integer of 10-5,000, Z is an amide bond, an ester bond, a urea bond, a thiourea bond, an amine bond, or an ether bond, R_2 is a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group of C_1 - C_{10} , a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group of C_6 - C_{30} , a carboxyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle group of C_4 - C_{30} , or hydrogen, and X is Si, Al, or Ti.

15. (Currently Amended) A filter material in which comprising the polymer of Formula 7 of claim 14 is covalently bonded to a glass wool, a filter, or a cellulose.

16. (Original) A monolithic column obtained by a process comprising:

dissolving a monomer with a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl group of C_3 - C_{20} and allyloxycucurbituril of Formula 1 of claim 1 where R_1 is an allyloxy group in a solvent to obtain a solution;

sequentially adding a porogen and a 0.2-5% by weight of a radical initiator, based on the total weight of reactants, to the solution;

inputting the reaction solution in a column tube with a sealed end and sealing the other end of the column tube;

stirring the reaction solution at 60-80°C for 15-30 hours; and washing the column tube.

- 17. (Original) The monolithic column of claim 16, wherein the monomer is one or more selected from the group consisting of acrylamide, acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, methacrylamide, vinylpyrrolidinone, styrene, methylenebisacrylamide, and methacrylbutylester.
- 18. (Original) The monolithic column of claim 16, wherein the porogen is a primary alcohol of C_2 - C_{18} , methylenechloride, or chloroform.
- 19. (Original) The monolithic column of claim 16, wherein the radical initiator is AIBN (2,2'-azobisisobutyronitrile), K₂S₂O₈, ammonium persulfate, or benzoylperoxide.
- 20. (Original) A monolithic column obtained by a process comprising:

allowing a solution of silane with an alkenyl group of C₃-C₂₀ in acetone to flow down through a capillary tube for 10-30 minutes;

sealing both ends of the capillary tube and incubating the capillary tube for 10-30 hours;

washing the inside of the capillary tube with acetone and water;

dissolving a radical initiator, a monomer with a substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl group of C_3 - C_{20} , and allyloxycucurbituril of Formula 1 of claim 1 where R_1 is an allyloxy group, in water or a mixed solvent of water and acetone, and adding the reaction solution to the capillary tube;

sealing both the ends of the capillary tube and incubating the capillary tube at room temperature for 10-30 hours for copolymerization; and

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washing the capillary tube.

- 21. (Original) The monolithic column of claim 20, wherein the monomer is one or more selected from the group consisting of acrylamide, acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, methacrylamide, vinylpyrrolidinone, styrene, methylenebisacrylamide, and methacrylbutylester.
- 22. (Original) The monolithic column of claim 20, wherein the radical initiator is AIBN, $K_2S_2O_8$, ammonium persulfate, or benzoylperoxide.
- 23. (Currently Amended) A stationary phase for column chromatography using the polymer of any one of claims 1 through 14 claim 1.